CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 3278

Chapter 12, Laws of 2006

59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE--DISQUALIFICATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/07/06

Passed by the House March 3, 2006 Yeas 98 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2006 Yeas 49 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved March 8, 2006.

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 3278** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

March 8, 2006 - 2:20 p.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 3278

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2006 Regular Session

State of Washington				59th Legislature				2006	Regular	S	Session	
Ву	Repres	entat	ives	Conway	and	Dicker	rson	L				
Read	l first	time	01/3	1/2006.	Re	ferred	to	Committee	on (Commerce	&	Labor.

1 AN ACT Relating to making adjustments in the unemployment insurance 2 system to enhance benefit and tax equity; reenacting RCW 50.20.050; and 3 creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 50.20.050 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 4 are each 6 reenacted to read as follows:

7 (1) With respect to claims that have an effective date before 8 January 4, 2004:

9 (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning 10 with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left 11 work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar 12 weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment 13 covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to 14 seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

19 (i) The duration of the work;

(ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the
 work; and

3 (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the 4 individual's training and experience.

5 (b) An individual shall not be considered to have left work 6 voluntarily without good cause when:

7 (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona
8 fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

9 (ii) The separation was because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the 10 claimant's immediate family if the claimant took all reasonable 11 precautions, in accordance with any regulations that the commissioner 12 13 may prescribe, to protect his or her employment status by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence and by 14 having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume 15 16 employment: PROVIDED, That these precautions need not have been taken 17 when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management 18 19 dispatch system;

20 (iii) He or she has left work to relocate for the spouse's 21 employment that is due to an employer-initiated mandatory transfer that 22 is outside the existing labor market area if the claimant remained 23 employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move; or

(iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the
claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined
in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110.

27 (c) In determining under this subsection whether an individual has left work voluntarily without good cause, the commissioner shall only 28 consider work-connected factors such as the degree of risk involved to 29 the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical 30 31 fitness for the work, the individual's ability to perform the work, and 32 such other work connected factors as the commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national emergencies. Good cause shall 33 not be established for voluntarily leaving work because of its distance 34 from an individual's residence where the distance was known to the 35 individual at the time he or she accepted the employment and where, in 36 37 the judgment of the department, the distance is customarily traveled by 38 workers in the individual's job classification and labor market, nor

because of any other significant work factor which was generally known and present at the time he or she accepted employment, unless the related circumstances have so changed as to amount to a substantial involuntary deterioration of the work factor or unless the commissioner determines that other related circumstances would work an unreasonable hardship on the individual were he or she required to continue in the employment.

8 (d) Subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section shall not apply to an individual whose marital status or domestic responsibilities cause him 9 or her to leave employment. Such an individual shall not be eliqible 10 for unemployment insurance benefits beginning with the first day of the 11 12 calendar week in which he or she left work and thereafter for seven 13 calendar weeks and until he or she has requalified, either by obtaining 14 bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earning wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount 15 16 or by reporting in person to the department during ten different 17 calendar weeks and certifying on each occasion that he or she is ready, able, and willing to immediately accept any suitable work which may be 18 offered, is actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade 19 practices, and is utilizing such employment counseling and placement 20 21 services as are available through the department. This subsection does 22 not apply to individuals covered by (b)(ii) or (iii) of this subsection. 23

(2) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or afterJanuary 4, 2004:

(a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning
with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left
work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar
weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment
covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to
seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

36 (i) The duration of the work;

37 (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the 38 work; and

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(iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the
 individual's training and experience.

3 (b) An individual is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of 4 this subsection when:

5 (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona 6 fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

7 (ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or 8 disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a 9 member of the claimant's immediate family if:

10 (A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve his or her employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by 11 having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, 12 and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume 13 employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they 14 would have been a futile act, including those instances when the 15 16 futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management 17 dispatch system; and

(B) The claimant terminated his or her employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or similar position;

(iii) He or she: (A) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer: (I) Is outside the existing labor market area; and (II) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without good cause; and (B) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;

30 (v) The individual's usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five 31 percent or more;

32 (vi) The individual's usual hours were reduced by twenty-five 33 percent or more;

34 (vii) The individual's worksite changed, such change caused a 35 material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the 36 change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the 37 individual's job classification and labor market;

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1 (viii) The individual's worksite safety deteriorated, the 2 individual reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the 3 employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of 4 time;

5 (ix) The individual left work because of illegal activities in the 6 individual's worksite, the individual reported such activities to the 7 employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a 8 reasonable period of time; or

9 (x) The individual's usual work was changed to work that violates 10 the individual's religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. Section 1 of this act applies retroactively 12 to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004. Passed by the House March 3, 2006. Passed by the Senate March 3, 2006. Approved by the Governor March 8, 2006. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 8, 2006.